

X100/201

NATIONAL
QUALIFICATIONS
2006

FRIDAY, 19 MAY
1.00 PM – 1.45 PM

MATHEMATICS
INTERMEDIATE 2
Units 1, 2 and 3
Paper 1
(Non-calculator)

Read carefully

- 1 You may NOT use a calculator.
- 2 Full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working.
- 3 Square-ruled paper is provided.



FORMULAE LIST

The roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

Sine rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ or $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

Area of a triangle: $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

Volume of a sphere: $\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

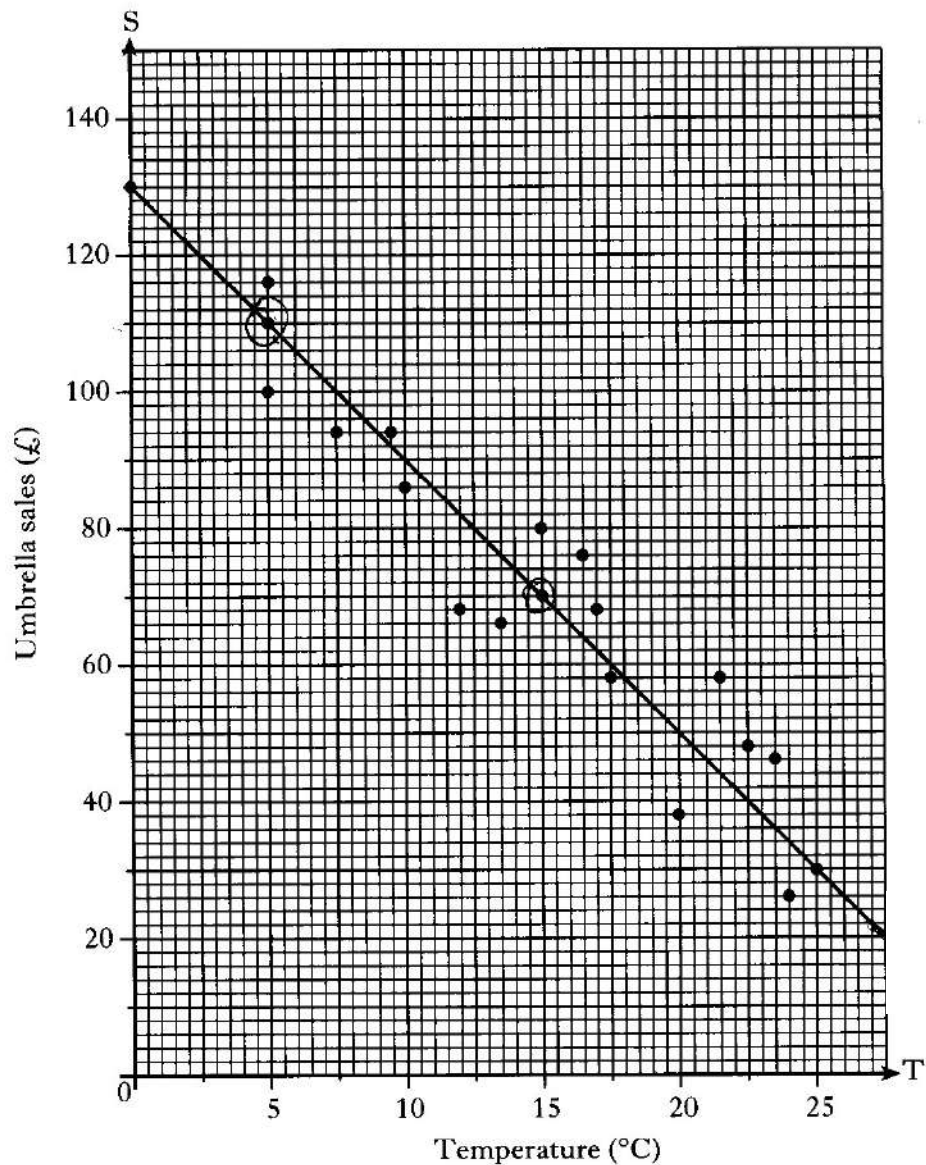
Volume of a cone: $\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume of a cylinder: $\text{Volume} = \pi r^2 h$

Standard deviation: $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2 / n}{n-1}}$, where n is the sample size.

ALL questions should be attempted.

1. The temperature, in degrees Celsius, at mid-day in a seaside town and the sales, in pounds, of umbrellas are shown in the scattergraph below.
A line of best fit has been drawn.



- (a) Find the equation of the line of best fit. 3
- (b) Use your answer to part (a) to predict the sales for a day when the temperature is 30 degrees Celsius. 1

[Turn over

2. Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.

Marks

$$(2y - 3)(y^2 + 4y - 1)$$

3

3. In a factory, the number of workers absent each day is recorded for 21 days.
The results are listed below.

| | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 19 | 22 | 19 | 22 | 20 | 21 | 17 |
| 19 | 21 | 16 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 18 |
| 20 | 20 | 23 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 19 |

- (a) Construct a dotplot for this data.

2

- (b) Find:

- (i) the median;
- (ii) the lower quartile;
- (iii) the upper quartile.

1

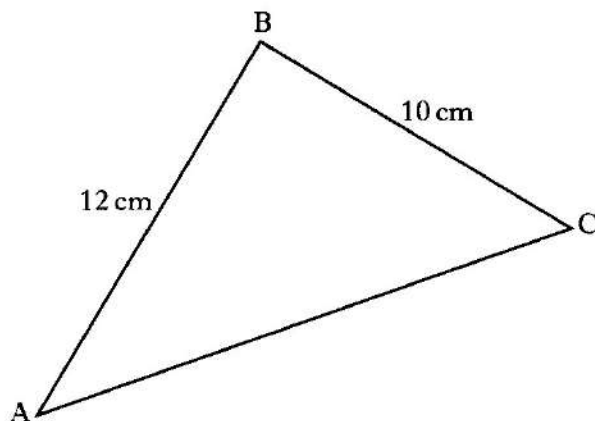
1

1

- (c) What is the probability that, on a day chosen at random from this sample, more than 18 workers were absent?

1

4.



Calculate the area of triangle ABC if $\sin B = \frac{2}{3}$.

2

5. A straight line is represented by the equation $2y + x = 6$.

(a) Find the gradient of this line.

2

(b) This line crosses the y-axis at $(0, c)$.

Find the value of c .

1

6. Write the following in order of size, **starting with the smallest**.

$\sin 0^\circ$

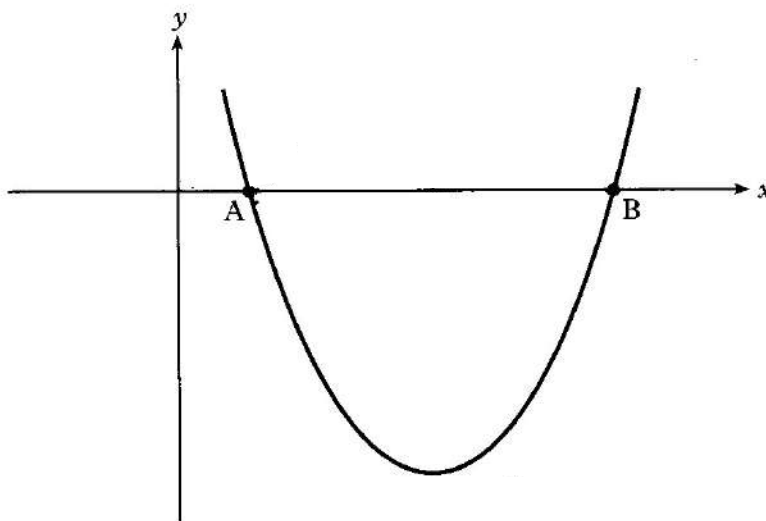
$\sin 30^\circ$

$\sin 200^\circ$

Give a reason for your answer.

2

7.



The equation of the parabola in the above diagram is

$$y = (x - 3)^2 - 4.$$

(a) State the coordinates of the minimum turning point of the parabola.

2

(b) State the equation of the axis of symmetry of the parabola.

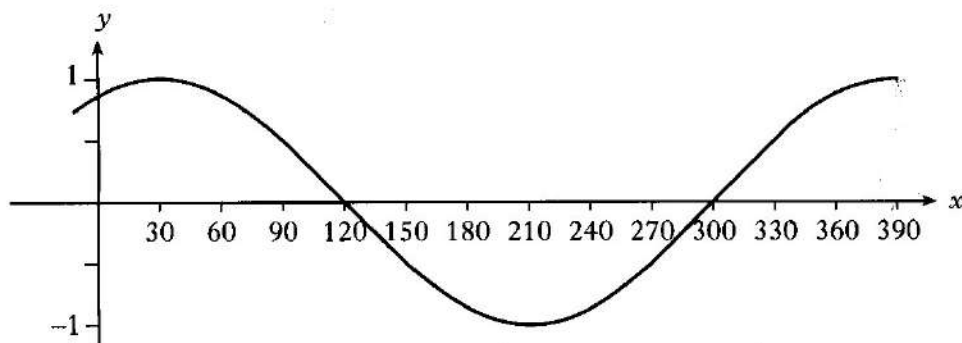
1

(c) A is the point $(1, 0)$. State the coordinates of B.

1

[Turn over for Questions 8 to 10 on Page six]

8. The graph shown below has an equation of the form $y = \cos(x - a)^\circ$.



Write down the value of a .

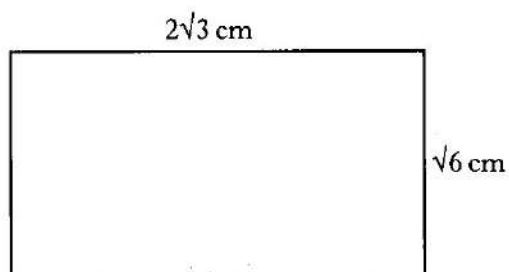
1

9. Evaluate

$$16^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

2

- 10.



The rectangle above has length $2\sqrt{3}$ centimetres and breadth $\sqrt{6}$ centimetres. Calculate the area of the rectangle.

Express your answer as a surd in its simplest form.

3

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]

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FRIDAY, 19 MAY
2.05 PM – 3.35 PM

MATHEMATICS
INTERMEDIATE 2
Units 1, 2 and 3
Paper 2

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FORMULAE LIST

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ALL questions should be attempted.

Marks

1. The value of a boat decreased from £35 000 to £32 200 in one year.

(a) What was the percentage decrease?

1

(b) If the value of the boat continued to fall at this rate, what would its value be after a **further** 3 years?

Give your answer to the nearest hundred pounds.

3

2. Solve algebraically the system of equations

$$4x + 2y = 13$$

$$5x + 3y = 17.$$

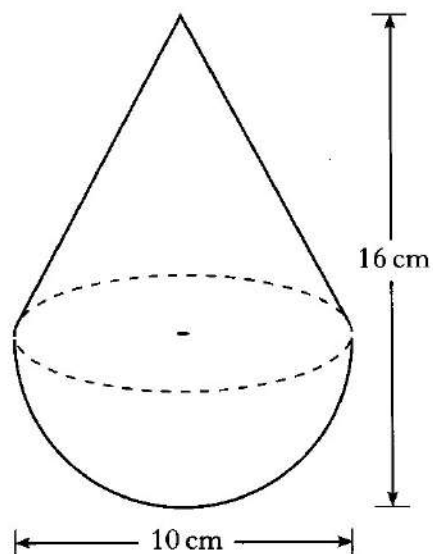
3

3. A child's toy is in the shape of a hemisphere with a cone on top, as shown in the diagram.

The toy is 10 centimetres wide and 16 centimetres high.

Calculate the volume of the toy.

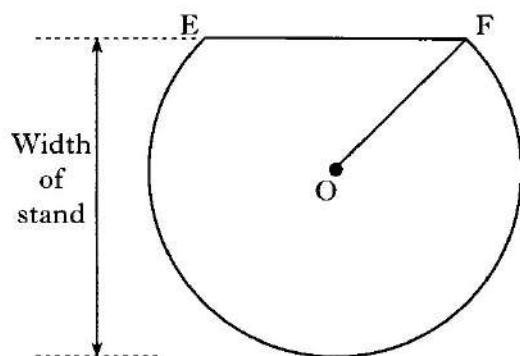
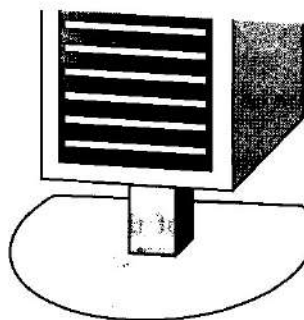
Give your answer correct to 2 significant figures.



5

[Turn over

4. The diagram shows the base of a compact disc stand which has the shape of part of a circle.



- The centre of the circle is O.
- EF is a chord of the circle.
- EF is 18 centimetres.
- The radius, OF, of the circle is 15 centimetres.

Find the width of the stand.

4

5. A new central heating system is installed in a house.
Sample temperatures, in degrees Celsius, are recorded below.

19 21 23 21 19 20

- (a) For this sample data, calculate:

- the mean;
- the standard deviation.

1

3

Show clearly all your working.

The target temperature for this house is 20°Celsius . The system is judged to be operating effectively if the mean temperature is within $0.6^{\circ}\text{Celsius}$ of the target temperature **and** the standard deviation is less than 2°Celsius .

- (b) Is the system operating effectively?

Give reasons for your answer.

2

6. Factorise

$$4p^2 - 49.$$

2

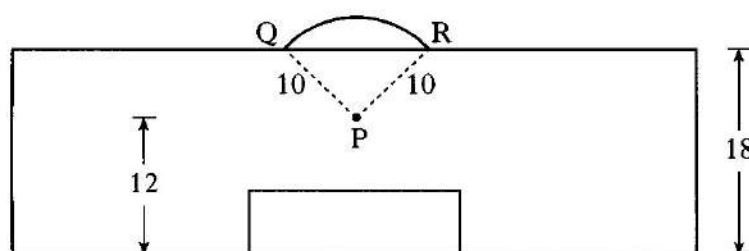
7. Express

$$\frac{3}{(x+1)} - \frac{1}{(x-2)}, \quad x \neq -1, \quad x \neq 2$$

as a single fraction in its simplest form.

3

8. The diagram shows the penalty area in a football pitch.
All measurements are given in yards.



The penalty spot is marked at point P.

QR is an arc of a circle, centre P, radius 10 yards.

The width of the penalty area is 18 yards and the distance of the penalty spot from the goal line is 12 yards, as shown.

- (a) Calculate the size of angle QPR.

3

- (b) Calculate the length of arc QR.

2

9. Change the subject of the formula

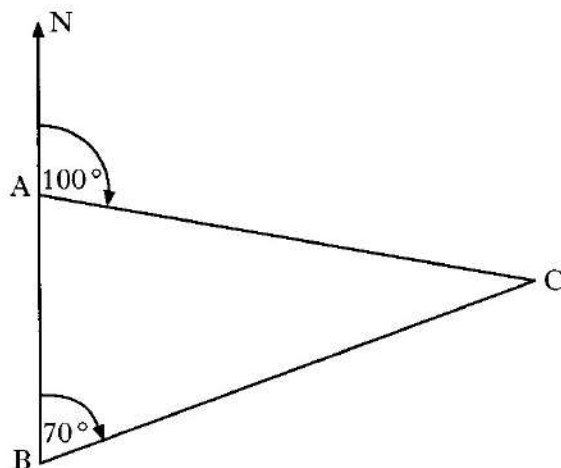
$$\frac{x}{c} + a = b$$

to x .

2

[Turn over

10. The diagram below shows the position of three campsites A, B and C.



Alan sets off from campsite A on a bearing of 100° at an average speed of 5.6 kilometres per hour.

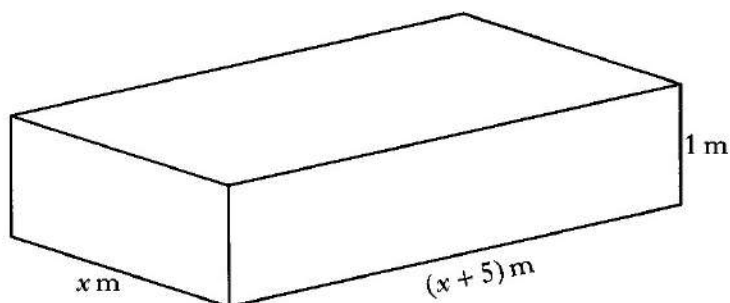
At the same time Bob sets off from campsite B on a bearing of 070° .

After 3 hours they both arrive at campsite C.

Who has the faster average speed and by how much?

5

11. A cuboid is shown below.



It has length $(x + 5)$ metres, breadth x metres, height 1 metre and volume 24 cubic metres.

(a) Show that

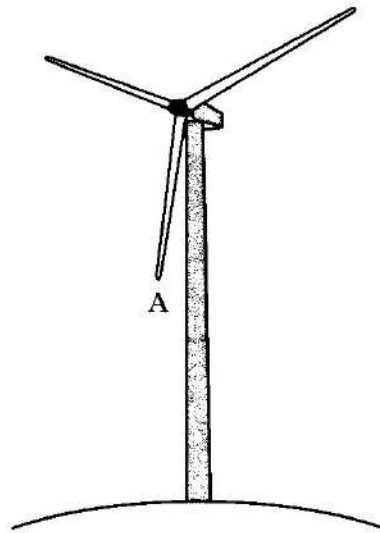
$$x^2 + 5x - 24 = 0.$$

2

(b) Using the equation in part (a), find the breadth of the cuboid.

3

12. The arms on a wind turbine rotate at a steady rate.



The height, h metres, of a point A above the ground at time t seconds is given by the equation

$$h = 8 + 4 \sin t^\circ.$$

- (a) Calculate the height of point A at time 30 seconds. 2
- (b) Find the **two** times during the first turn of the arms when point A is at a height of 10.5 metres. 4

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]